

## **Clinical Terms: Respiratory System**

*from Hole's Human Anatomy & Physiology; 10th ed.*

<b>Cheyne-Stokes Respiration</b>	Irregular breathing pattern of a series of shallow breaths that increase in depth and rate, followed by breaths that decrease in depth and rate.
<b>Dyspnea</b>	Difficulty in breathing.
<b>Eupnea</b>	Normal breathing
<b>Hemothorax</b>	Blood in the pleural cavity.
<b>Hypercapnia</b>	Excess carbon dioxide in the blood.
<b>Hyperventilation</b>	Prolonged, rapid, and deep breathing.
<b>Hypoxemia</b>	Deficiency in the oxygenation of the blood.
<b>Hypoxia</b>	Diminished availability of oxygen in the tissues.
<b>Lobar pneumonia</b>	Pneumonia that affects an entire lobe of a lung.
<b>Pleurisy</b>	Inflammation of the pleural membranes.
<b>Pneumothorax</b>	Entrance of air into the space between the pleural membranes, followed by the collapse of the lung.
<b>Rhinitis</b>	Inflammation of the nasal cavity lining.
<b>Sinusitis</b>	Inflammation of the sinus cavity lining.
<b>Tachypnea</b>	Rapid, shallow breathing.
<b>Tracheotomy</b>	Incision in the trachea for exploration or the removal of a foreign object.